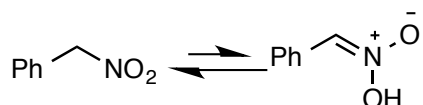


Part 1. Introduction

Nitro Compounds



a nitro compound
b.p = 100 °C (8 mm)

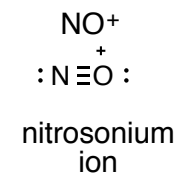
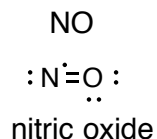
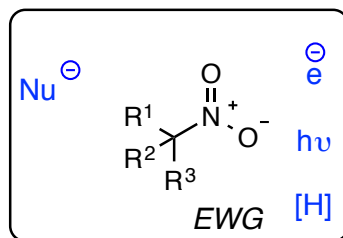
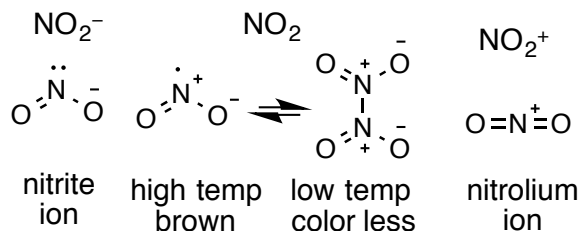
a nitronic acid
m.p = 84 °C
(pKa = 2-6)

	D(Kcal/mol)	d (Å)
CH ₃ -NO	40	1.48
CH ₃ -NO ₂	57	1.47
CH ₃ -NH ₂	79	1.47
CH ₃ -I	56	

IR: $\nu(\text{N=O})$: 1621-1539 cm⁻¹

Nitro group is an EWG (both -I and -M)

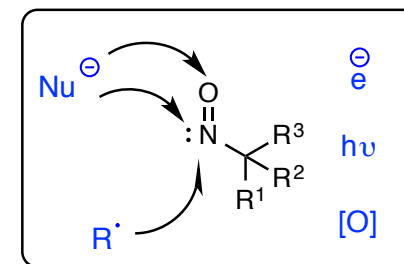
Nitro group is a "sink" of electron



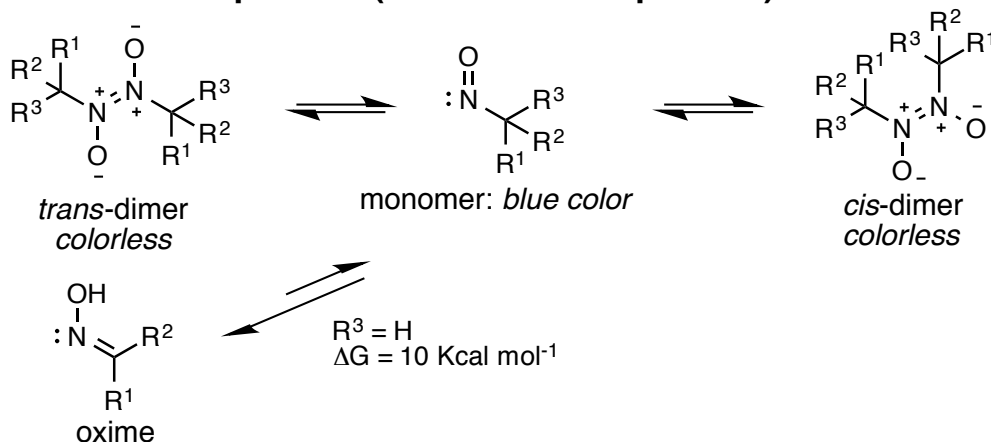
cellular signaling molecule in mammals

Reaction Modes

Nitroso vs. olefin:
Diels-Alder reaction: as dienophiles
Ene reaction
Cope rearrangement
Nitroso vs. carbonyl
Nucleophilic addition
Other reaction modes
Radical addition
Redox reaction
Photochemical reaction



Nitroso Compounds (C-Nitroso Compounds)



Blue color: $n \rightarrow \pi^*$ absorption band 630-790 nm

IR: $\nu(\text{N=O})$: 1621-1539 cm⁻¹, dimer $\nu(\text{N-O})$: 1300 (*cis*), 1200 (*trans*) cm⁻¹

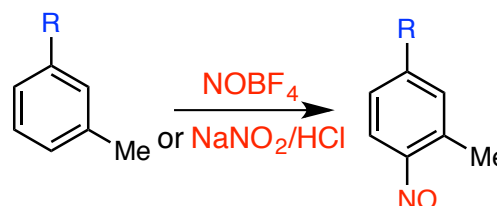
¹H NMR (α -C-H) $\delta = 4$ ppm: nitroso is an EWG

$\text{R}^3 = \text{H}$: unstable (favor the oxime form), *in situ* generation

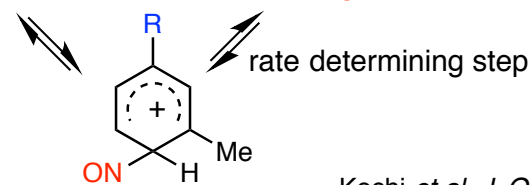
Synthesis of C-Nitroso Compounds

With **NO⁺** sources: NaNO₂/HCl, NOBF₄, NOCl, NOSbF₆, RONO...

Substitution



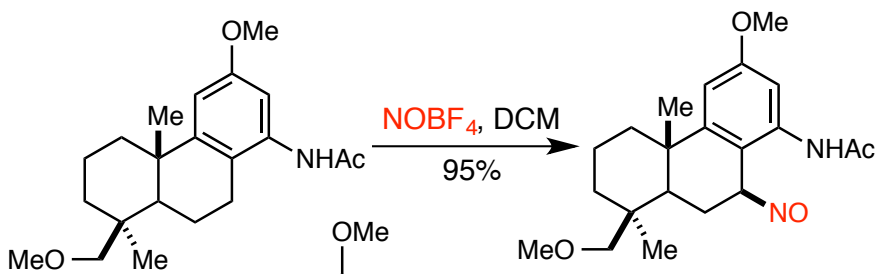
- R = OH, OMe, Me, NR₂, NHR
- *para*-selectivity



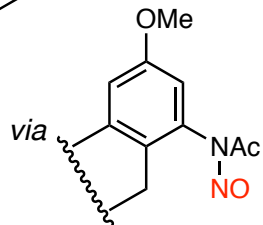
Wheland intermediate

Kochi et al. *J. Org. Chem.* **1994**, 59, 5573-5586.
Chem. Rev. **2004**, 104, 3315-3340.

Nitroso and Nitro Compounds

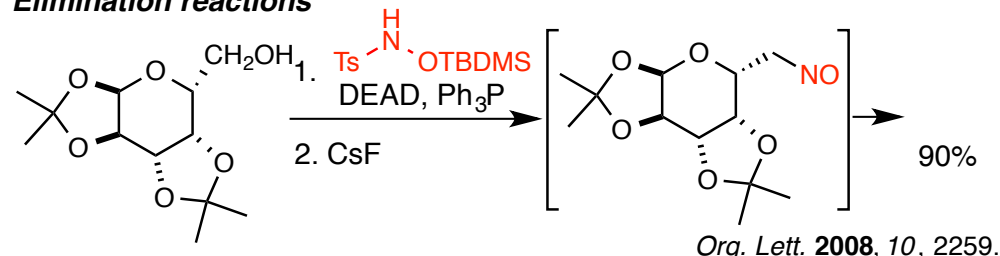


Aust. J. Chem. **1994**, 47, 1483–1508.



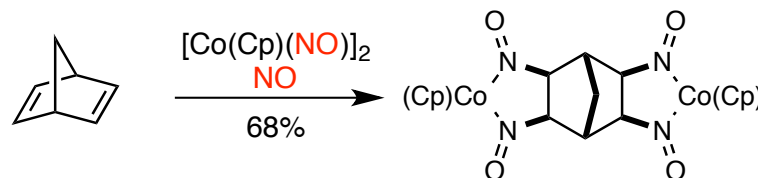
Other external [NO] sources

Elimination reactions



Org. Lett. **2008**, 10, 2259.

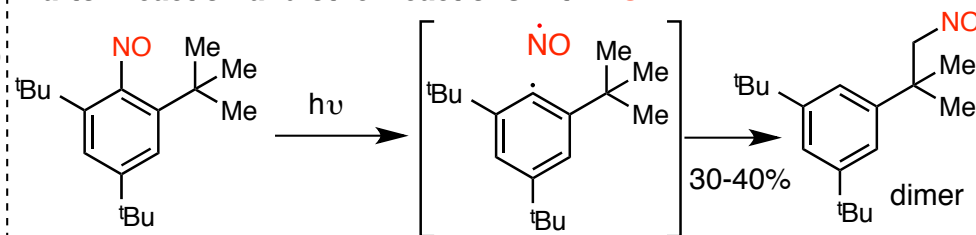
Metal-NO complexes



Organometallics **1983**, 2, 787.

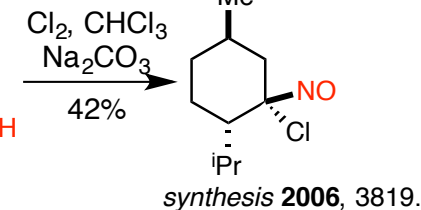
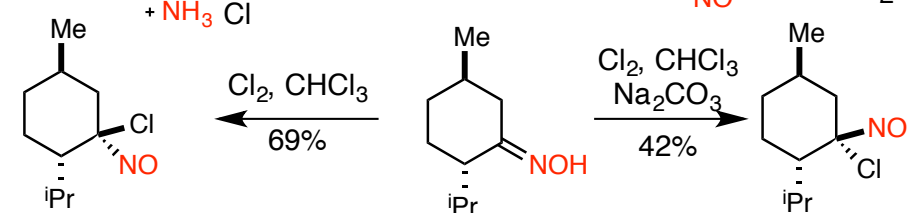
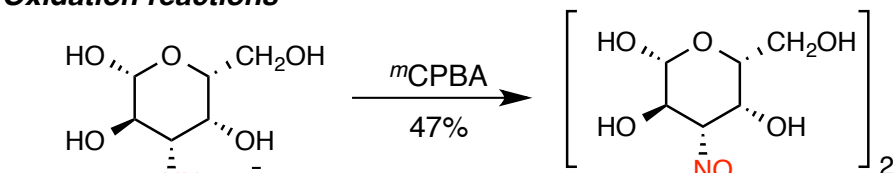
Internal [NO] sources

Barton reaction and other reactions with NO



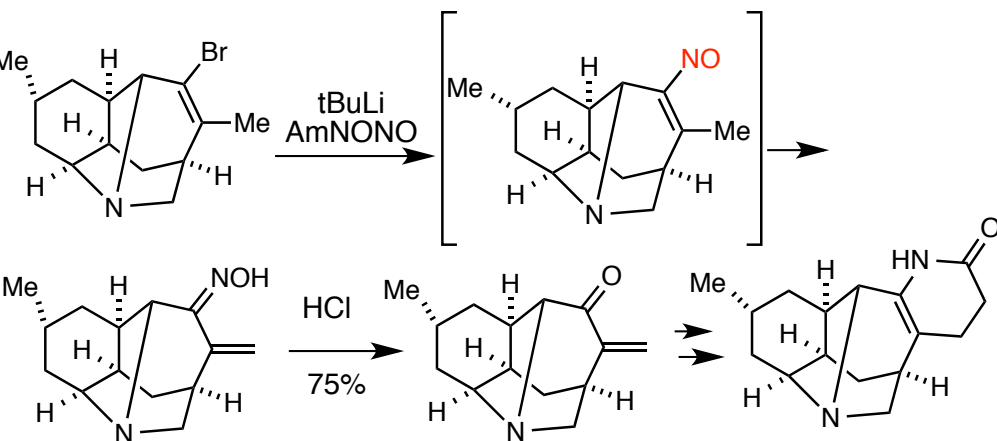
Can. J. Chem. **1978**, 56, 2665.

Oxidation reactions



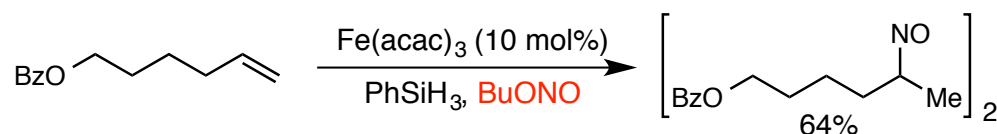
synthesis **2006**, 3819.

Reduction from Nitro group

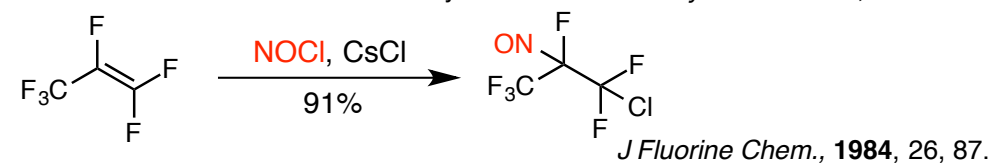


Fukuyama et al. J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2013**, 135, 3243.

Addition reactions to C=C double bonds



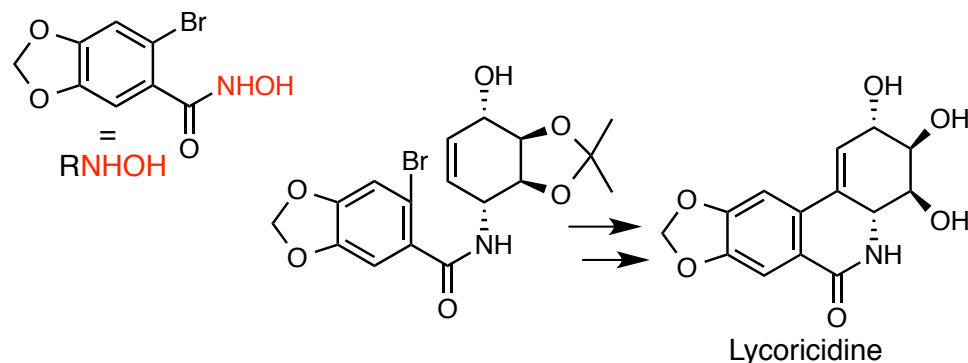
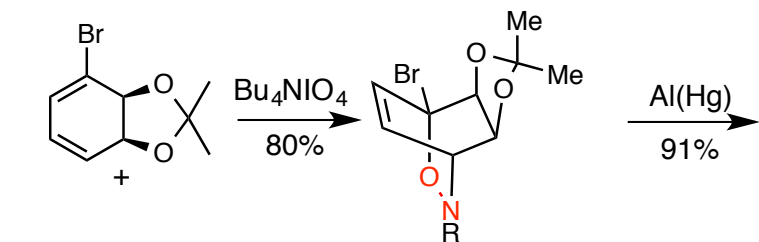
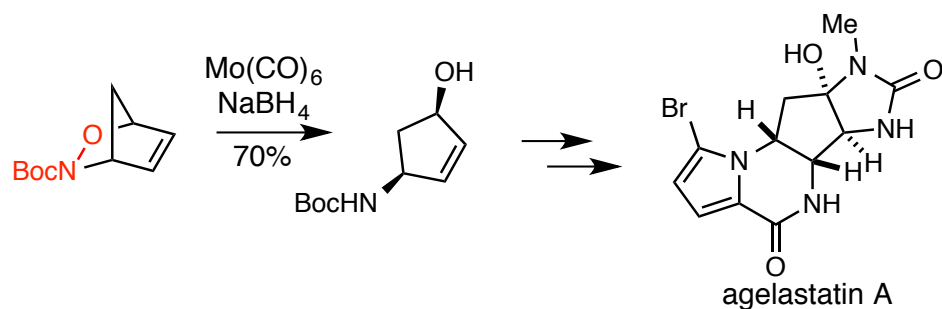
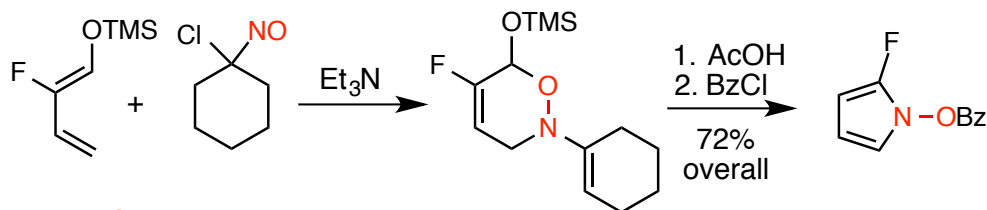
Mukaiyama et al. Chemistry Letters **1992**, 1137–1140.



J Fluorine Chem., **1984**, 26, 87.

Reaction of C-Nitroso Compounds

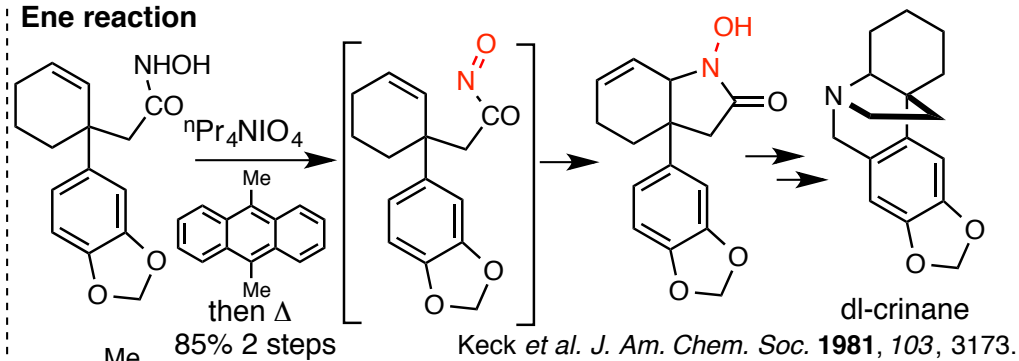
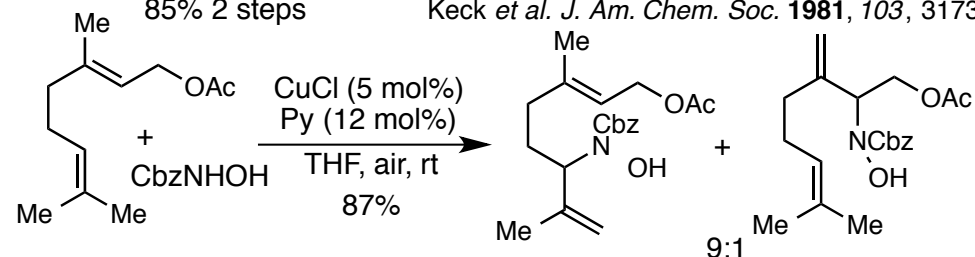
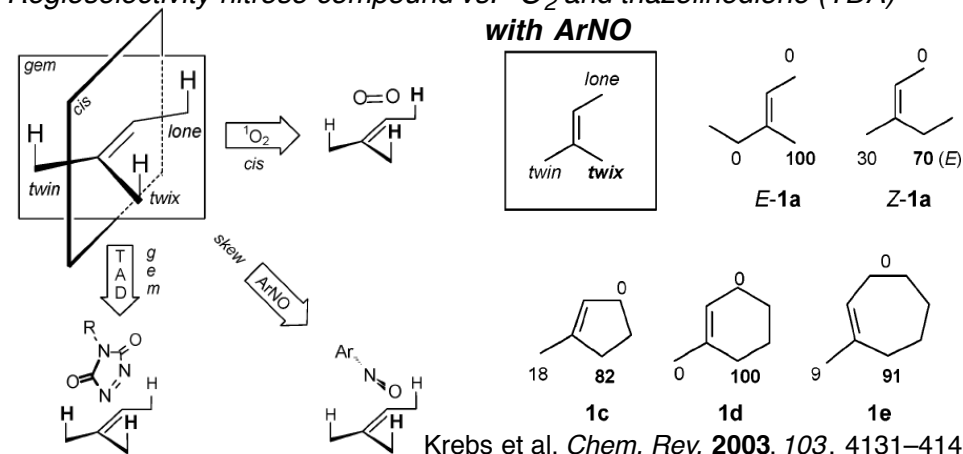
Hetero Diels-Alder reaction

Hudlicky, et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1992**, *114*, 9694–9696.Tanaka et al. *Org. Lett.* **2008**, *10*, 5457–5460.

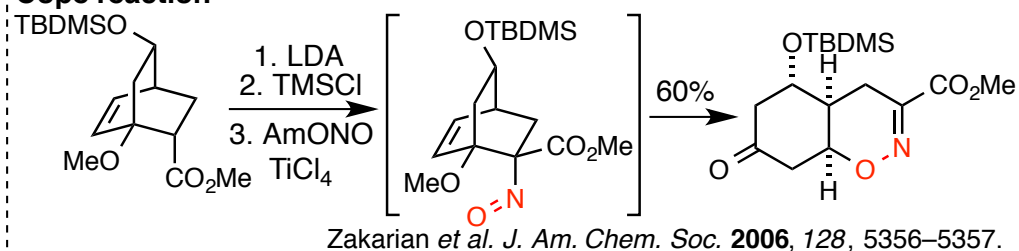
[H-NO equivalent]

Schlosser, et al. *Tetrahedron* **1993**, *49*, 1445.

Ene reaction

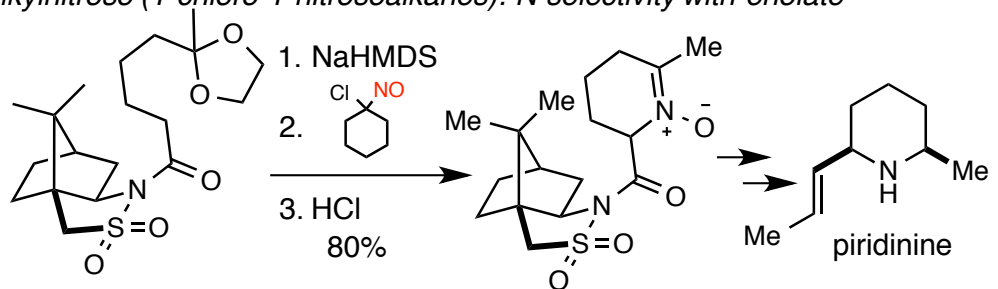
Keck et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1981**, *103*, 3173.J. Read de Alaniz, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 10430–10433.Regioselectivity nitroso compound vs. $^1\text{O}_2$ and triazolinedione (TDA)Krebs et al. *Chem. Rev.* **2003**, *103*, 4131–4146.

Cope reaction

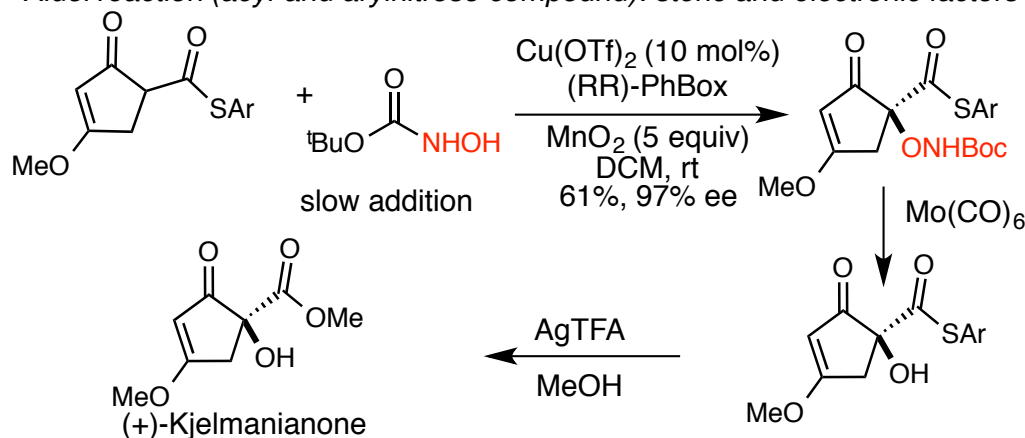
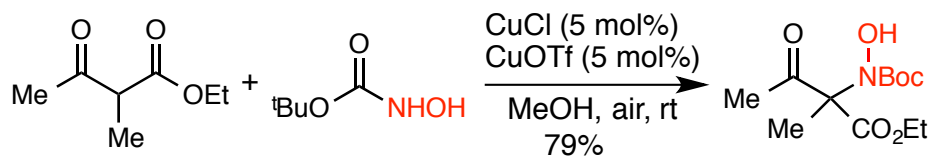
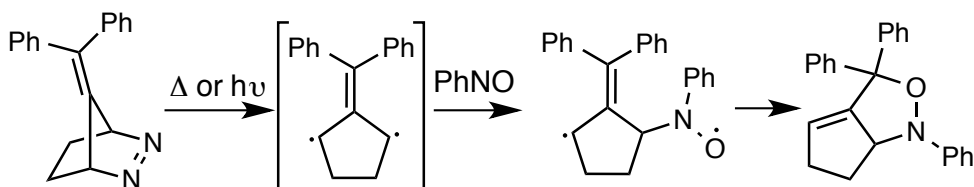
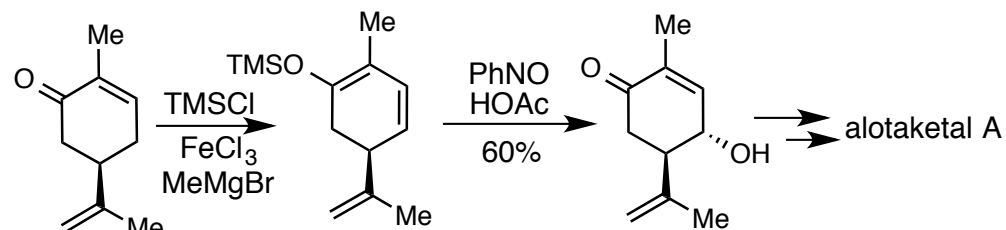
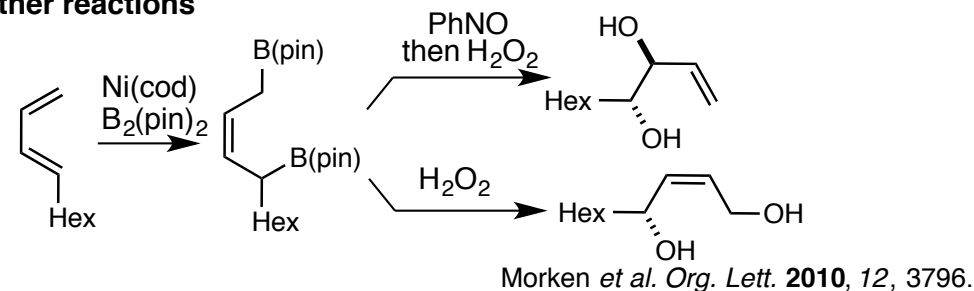
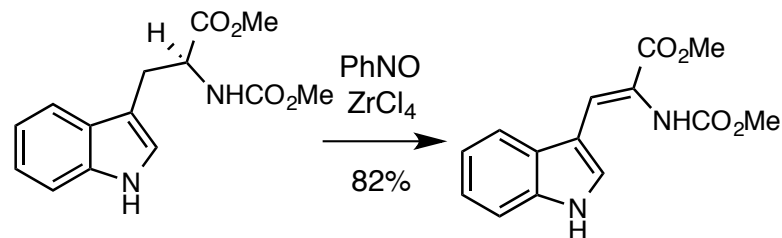
Zakarian et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2006**, *128*, 5356–5357.

O-Nitroso aldol vs. N-nitroso aldol reaction

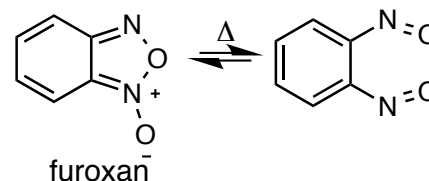
alkylnitroso (1-chloro-1-nitrosoalkanes): N selectivity with enolate

Davison et al. *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 1*, **2002**, 1494.

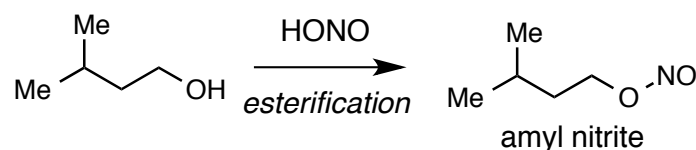
Aldol reaction (acyl and aryl nitroso compound): steric and electronic factors

Yamamoto et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 18566Read de Alaniz, et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 18948–18951**Reaction with radical**Adam et al. *Tetrahedron Letters* **1991**, *32*, 4283.**Other reactions**Yang et al. *Org. Lett.* **2010**, *12*, 5072–5074.Baran et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2006**, *128*, 8678–8693.**Other nitroso compounds**

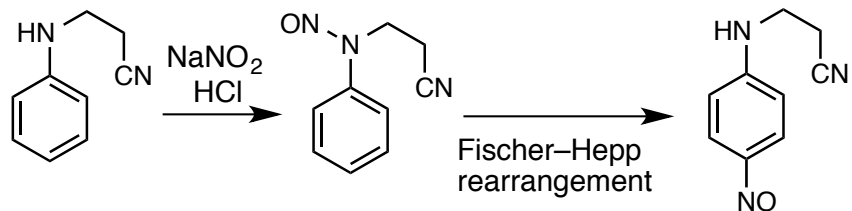
Furoxans



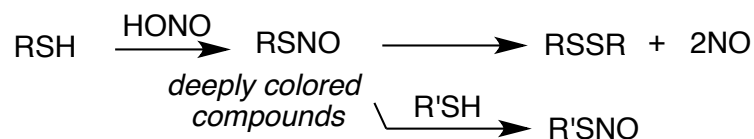
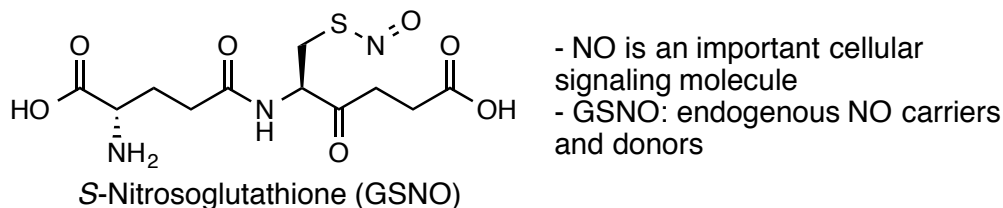
O-Nitroso compounds (nitrite compounds)



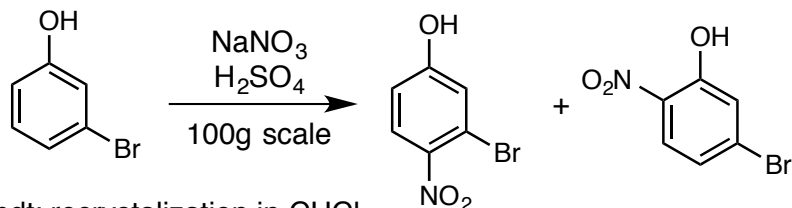
N-Nitrosoamine (secondary amine derivatives)

D'Amico *et al.* *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1959**, *81*, 5957–5963.

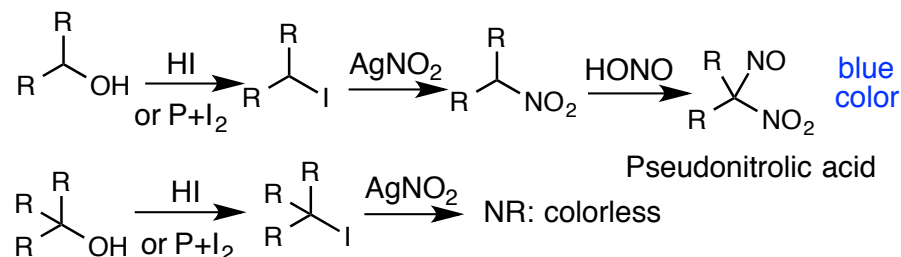
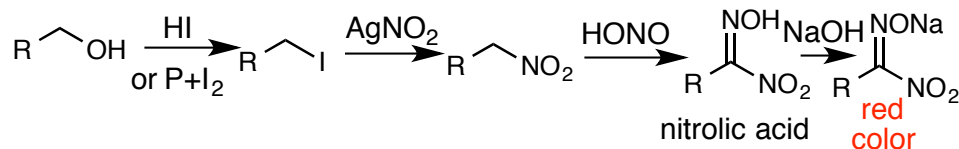
S-Nitrosothiols (thionitrites)



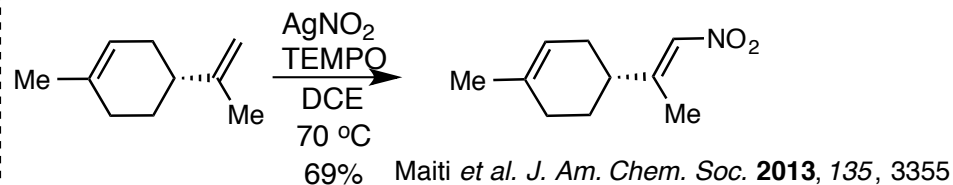
Synthesis of nitro compounds

Nitration with NO_2^+ *p*-pdt: recrystallization in CHCl_3 Nitration with NO_2^- AgNO_2 : Victor-Meyer reaction, NaNO_2 : Kornblum reaction, KNO_2

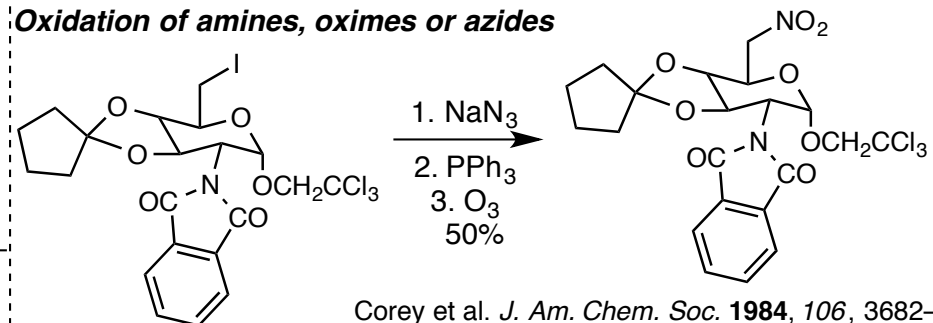
Victor-Meyer test (primary vs. secondary vs. tertiary alcohol)



Nitration with nitro radical



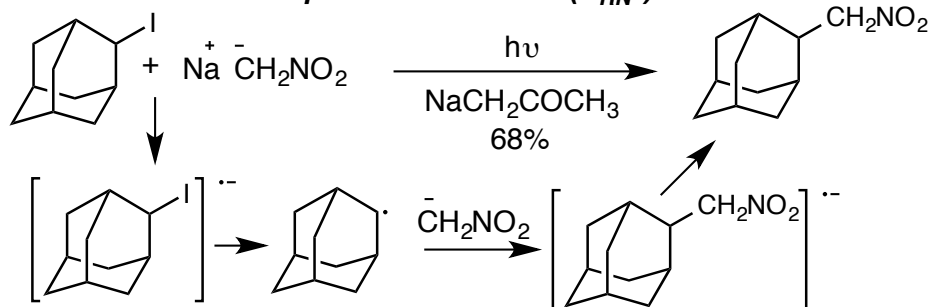
Oxidation of amines, oximes or azides

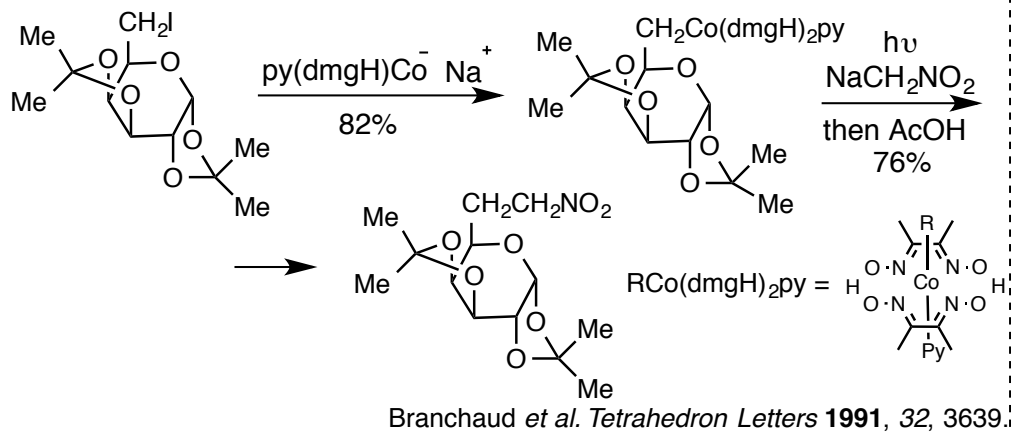
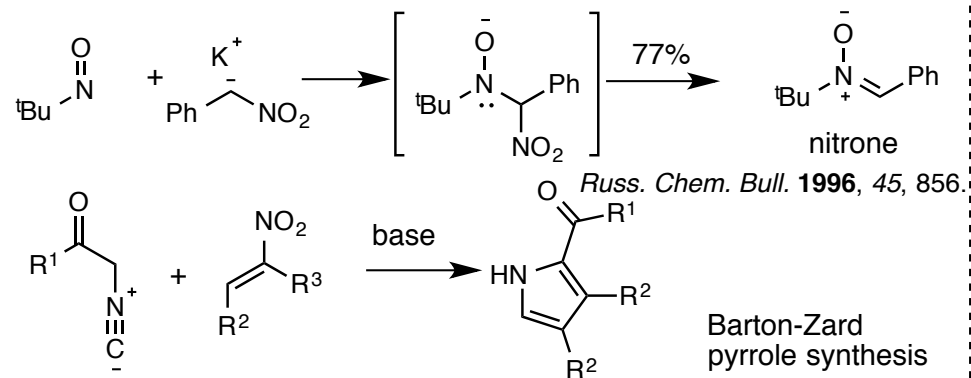
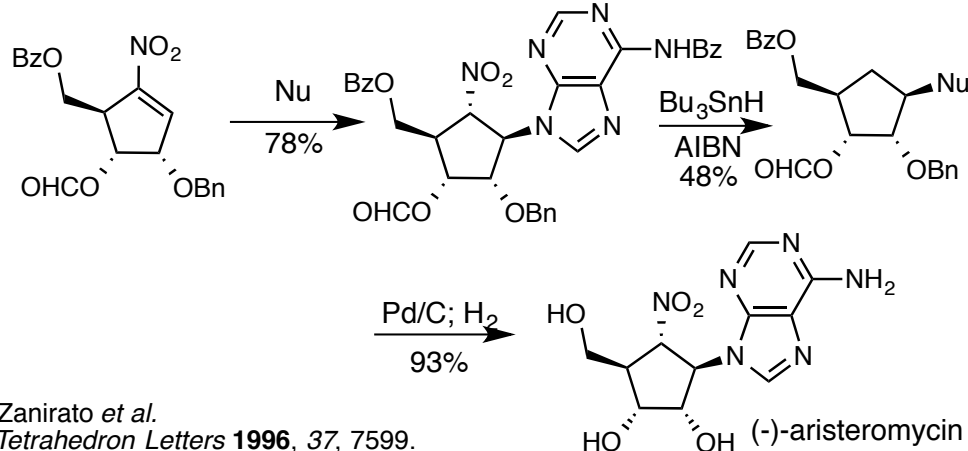
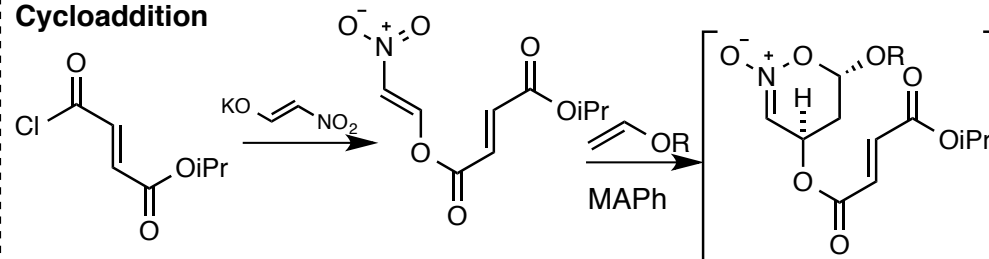


Reaction of nitro compounds

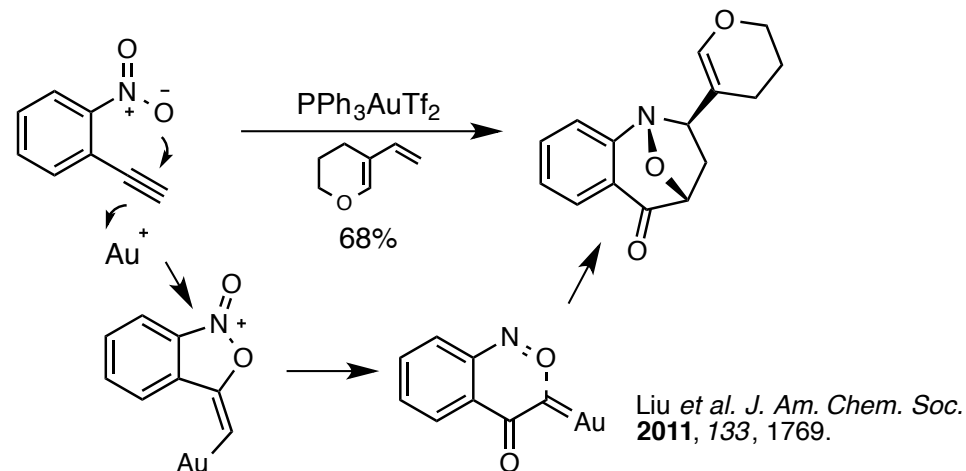
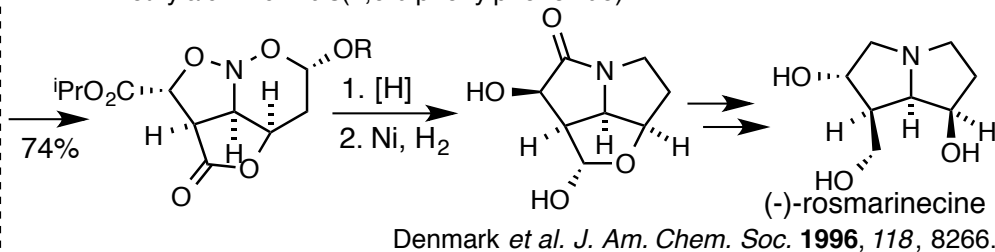
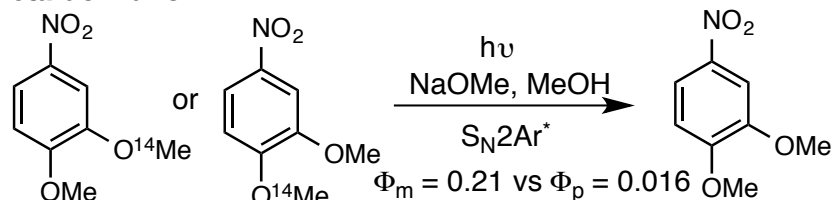
Henry reaction, Michael reaction: see ref

Nef reaction, reduction: see ref

Radical chain nucleophilic substitution ($\text{S}_{\text{RN}}1$)Rossi *et al.* *J. Org. Chem.* **1999**, *64*, 5826.

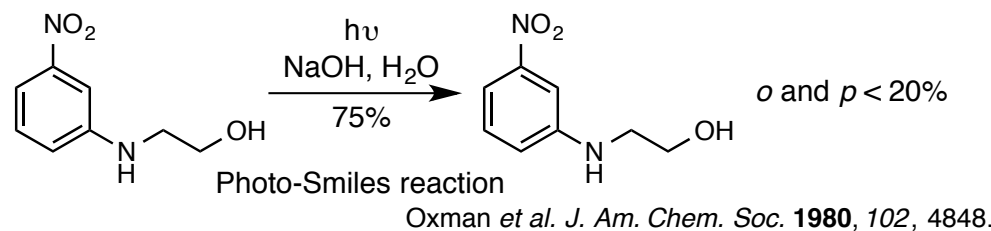
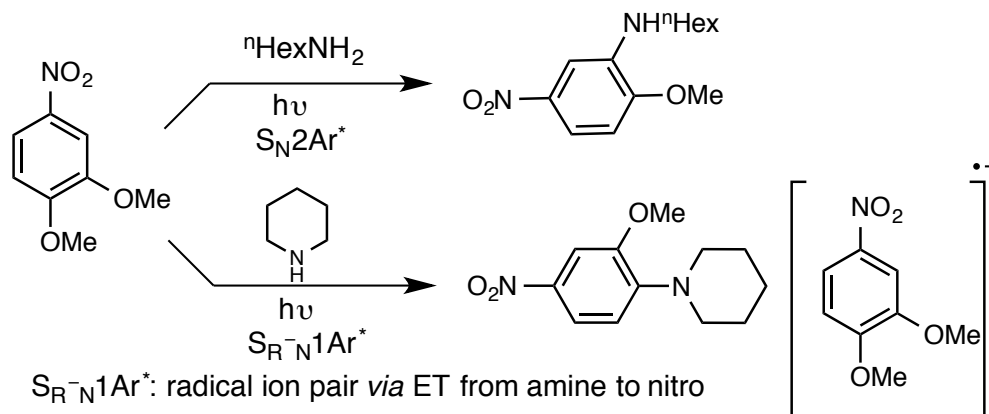
**Elimination of NO₂**NO₂ is a good leaving groupremoval of NO₂ under radical conditions**Cycloaddition**

MAPh: methylaluminum bis(2,6-diphenylphenoxide)

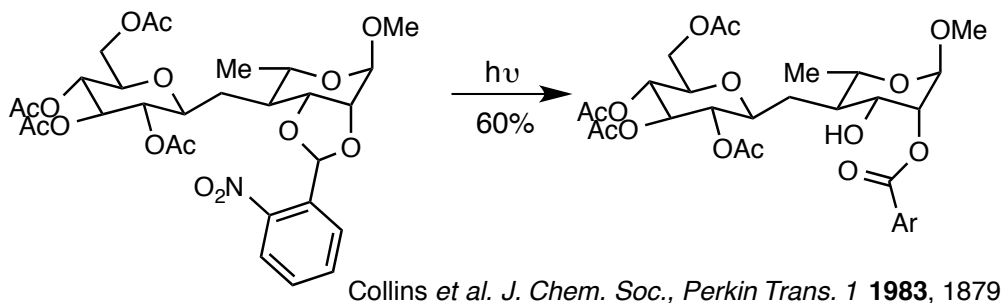
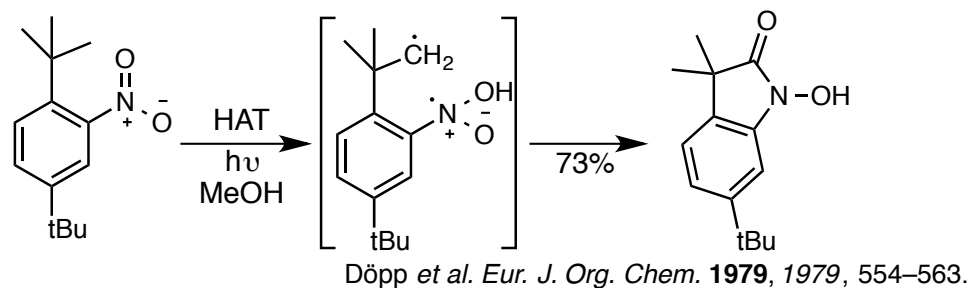
**Photochemistry****meta-activation**

- direct substitution of the triplet state: meta-activation vs. S_NAr
 - depend on: nucleophiles, solvent system

Havinga et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1981**, 103, 7257-7262.



Activation of nitro group



activation of nitronic acid

